

# Conceptual Frameworks: A Brief Introduction on Why and How to Use Them in Research

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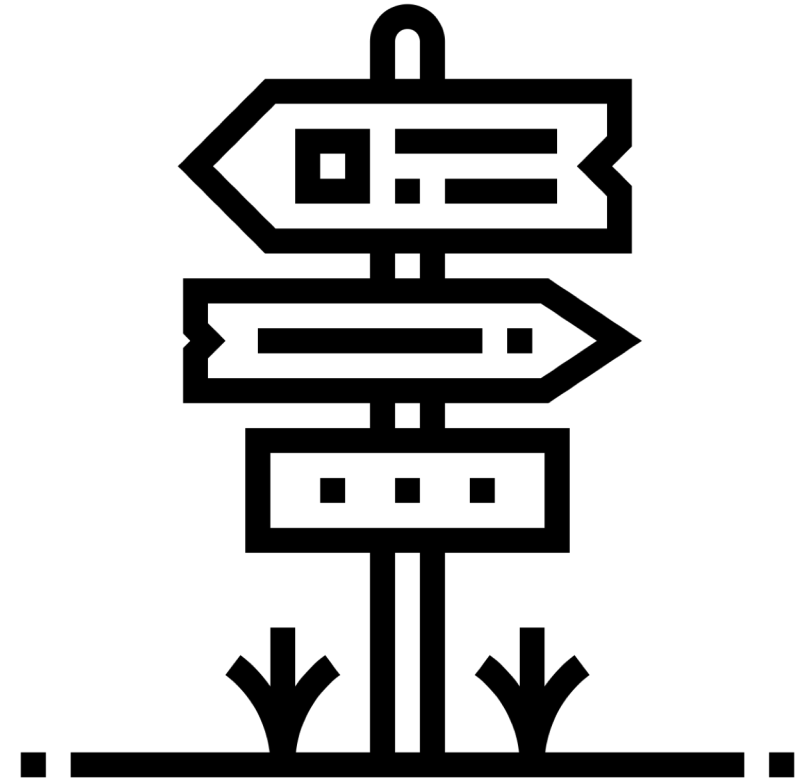
# Learning Objectives

- Describe how conceptual frameworks enhance study rigor
- Discuss common conceptual framework models used in health services research
- Apply conceptual framework exercise on an example study

# Conceptual Frameworks

# What is a Conceptual Framework

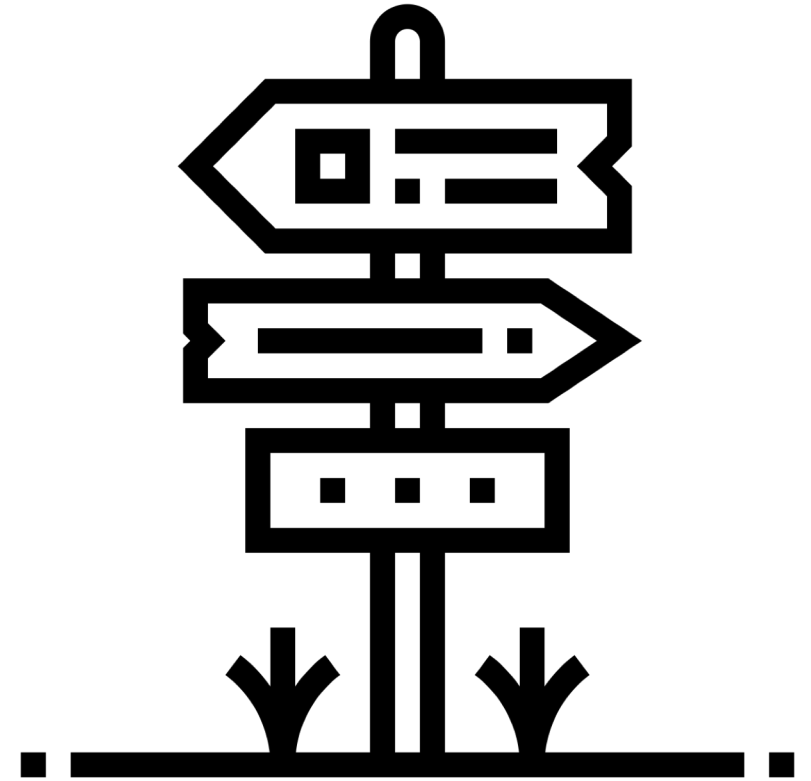
- **Specific approach** to thinking about a research problem, usually represented as a diagram to show important concepts and processes
- Frameworks are derived from **related concepts** (conceptual, practical) or **existing theories** (theoretical) – benefit is using a **shared language**
- All frameworks are based on key concepts and emphasize different variables in order to show **relationships** between them



# What is a Conceptual Framework

## Frames:

- Problem statement
- Research design
- Recruitment & selection
- Data collection
  - What to collect data on (variables)
- Interpretation of results
- Presentation of results



**GUIDES YOUR STUDY FROM START TO FINISH**

# What is a Conceptual Framework

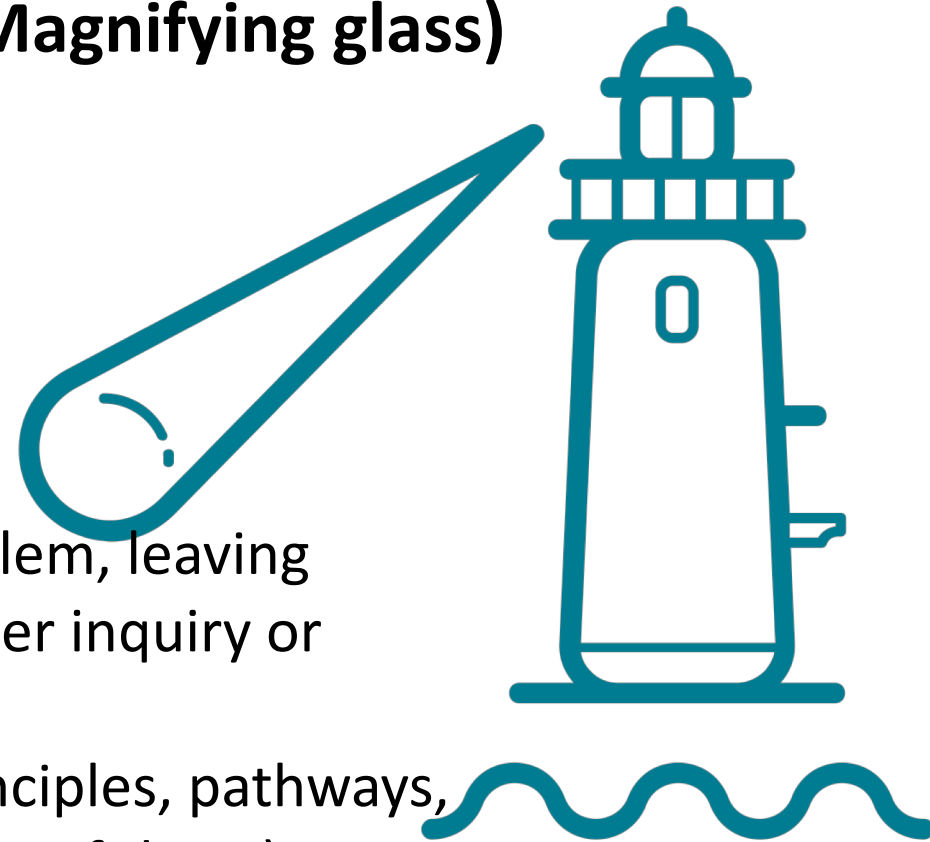
Represent ways to thinking about a problem or how things work

- **Illuminate (Lighthouse)** and **Magnify (Magnifying glass)**

- Magnify specific elements of a problem by focusing on specific or part of conceptual framework

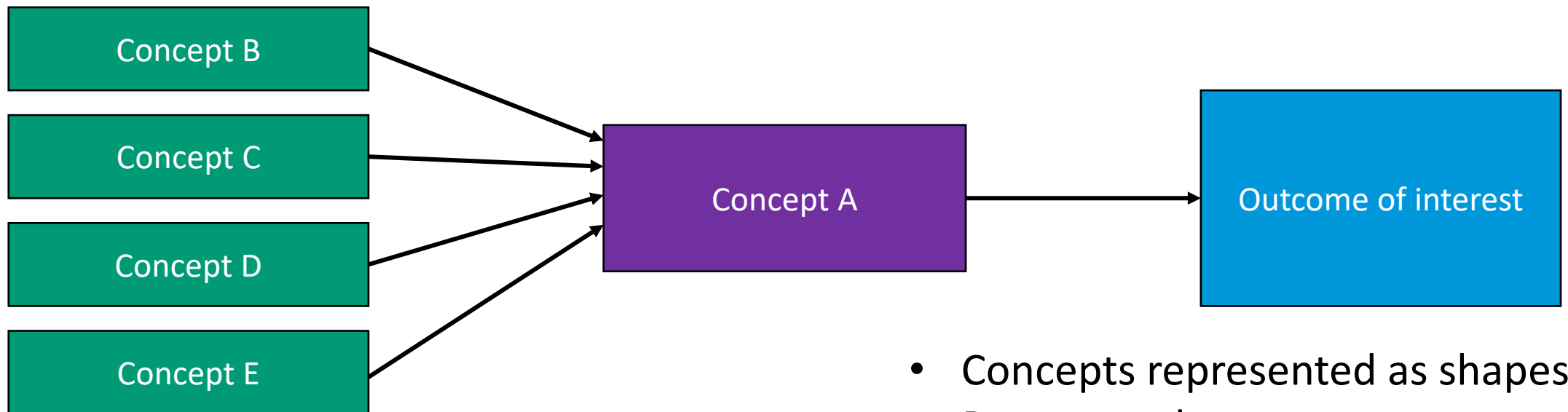


- Illuminate specific problem, leaving other aspects for another inquiry or approach
- Specifically identify principles, pathways, variables (or interactions of these)



# Conceptual Frameworks as Models

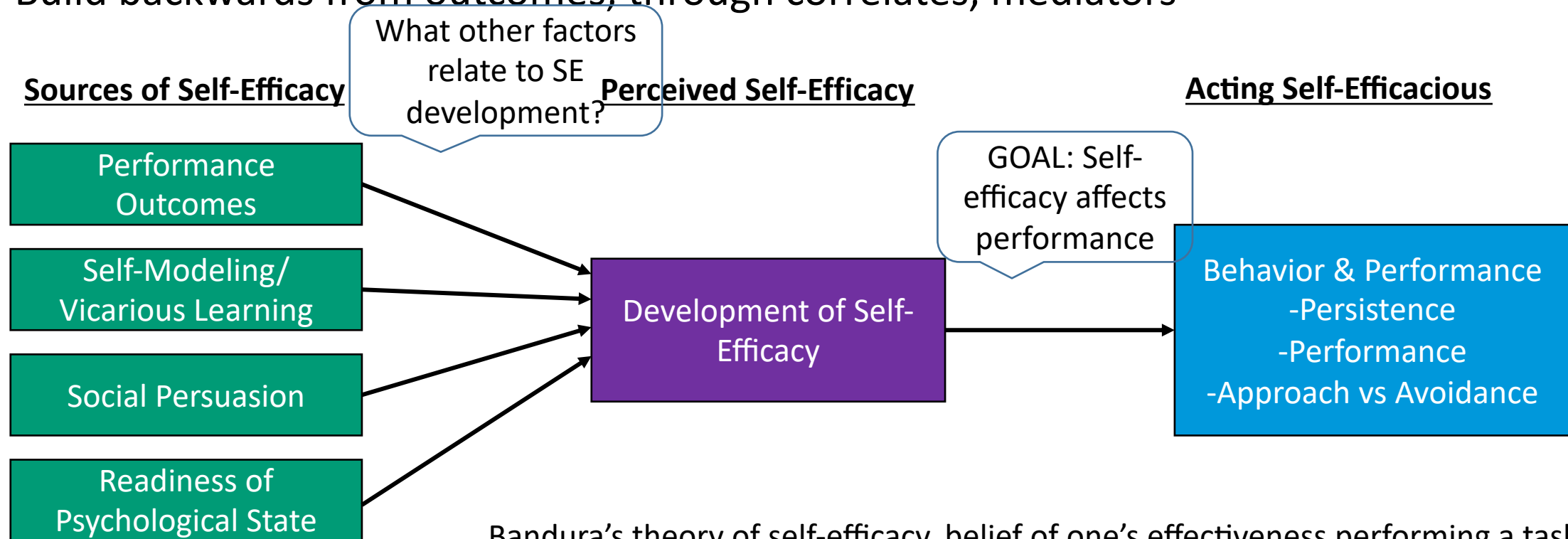
- Diagrams the research interest
  - Highlights **causal linkages** between **concepts**
  - Build backwards from outcomes, through correlates, mediators, ancestors, etc
  - Each concept and arrow can be studied, or the entire model



- Concepts represented as shapes
- Processes shown as arrows
- Can be multi-level

# Conceptual Frameworks as Models

- Diagrams the research interest
  - Highlights **causal linkages between concepts**
  - Build backwards from outcomes, through correlates, mediators



Bandura's theory of self-efficacy, belief of one's effectiveness performing a task  
\*Important to motivation to learning or change in behavior\*

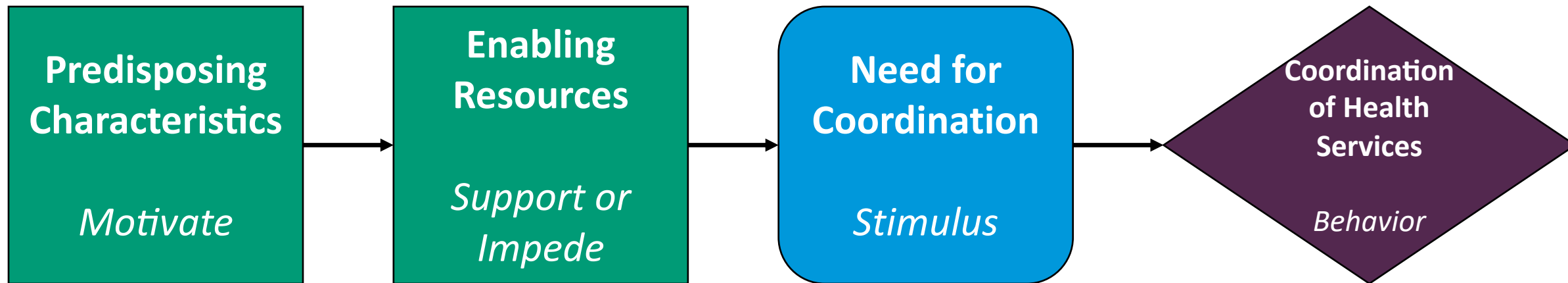


# Common Conceptual Frameworks

# Common Conceptual Frameworks

## Andersen Behavior Framework (Andersen, 1995)

- Predict and explain use of care services by individuals



↑↓ predisposing  
Attitude/knowledge  
Climate/culture  
Hard to alter

Availability/access to  
resources  
Ability to respond  
△ by decisionmakers

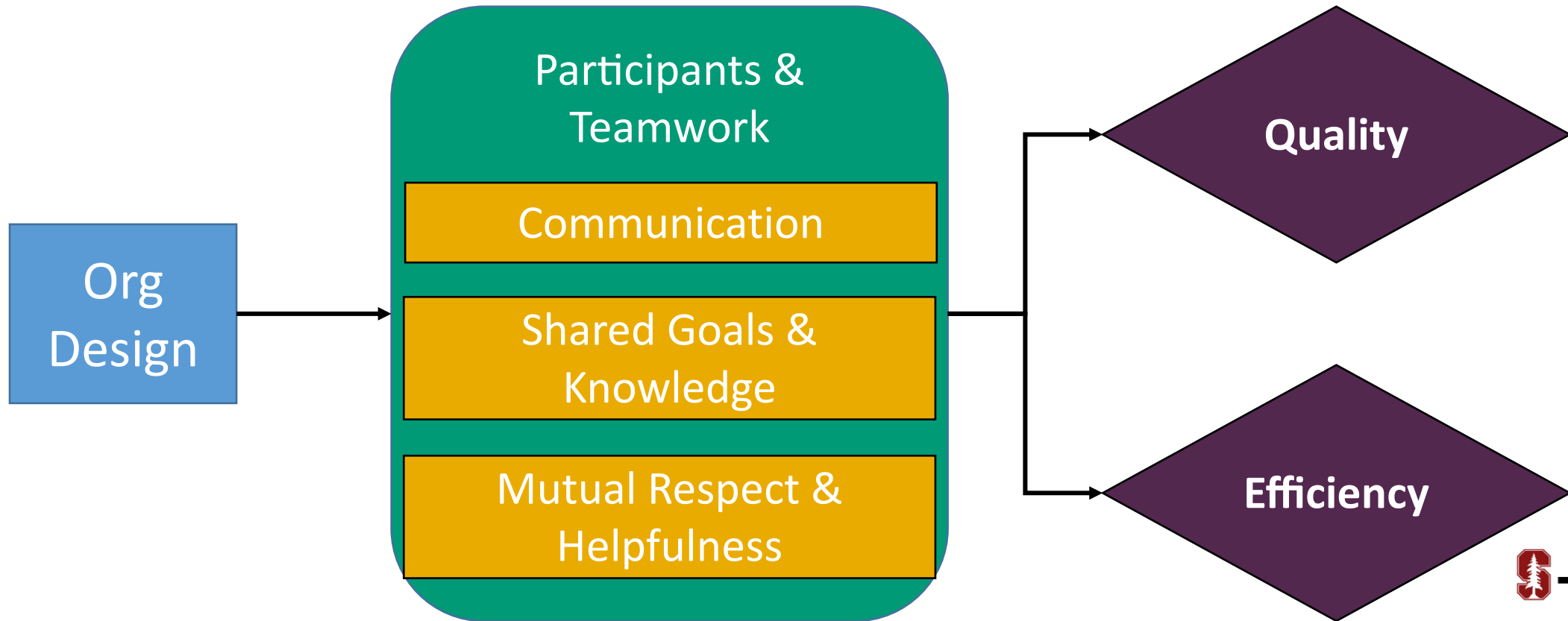
Perception on need  
for coordinated care  
by individuals or  
healthcare team

Behavior △ needed to ↑ care

# Common Conceptual Frameworks

## Relational Coordination Framework (Gittell, 2002)

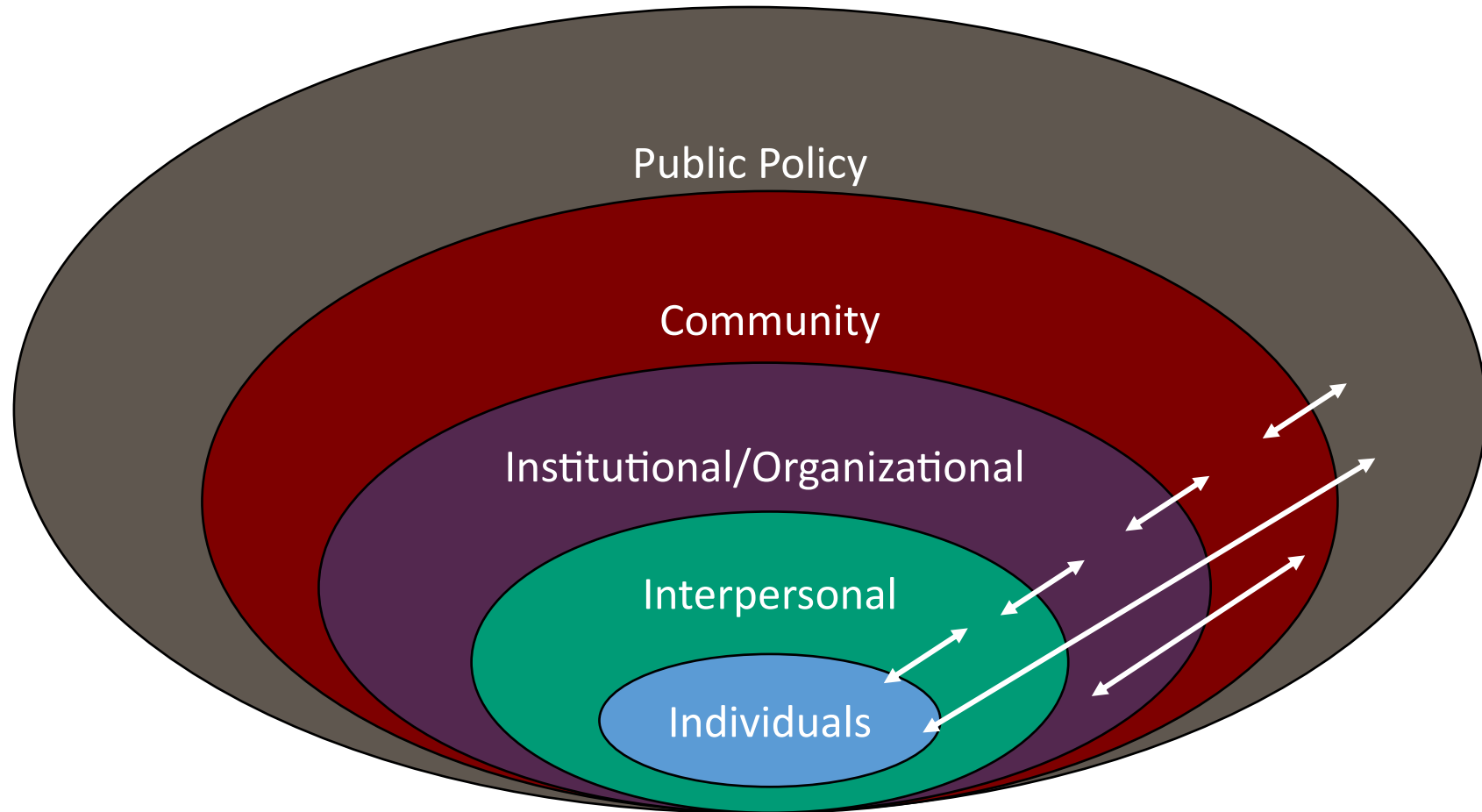
- Identify interventions to increase: communication, shared goals, respect



# Common Conceptual Frameworks

**Social Ecological Model** (McLeroy, 1988; originated with Bronfenbrenner)

- Study spheres of influence on behaviors at each level



# Common Conceptual Frameworks

Andersen RM. Revisiting the behavioral model and access to medical care: does it matter? *J Health Soc Behav.* 1995 Mar;36(1):1–10.

**Damschroder LK et al. Fostering implementation of health services research findings into practice: a consolidated framework for advancing implementation science. *Implementation Science.* 2009;4:50.**

Donabedian A. *The criteria and standards of quality.* Ann Arbor, Mich.: Health Administration Press; 1982.

Gittel JH. Coordinating mechanisms in care provider groups: relational coordination as a mediator and input uncertainty as a moderator of performance effects. *Management Science.* 2002;48(11):1408–26.

McLeroy, K. R., Steckler, A. and Bibeau, D. (Eds.) (1988). *The social ecology of health promotion interventions.* *Health Education Quarterly,* 15(4):351-377.

Van de Ven AH, Delbecq AL, Koenig JR. Determinants of coordination modes within organizations. *American Sociological Review.* 1976;41(2):322–38.

Wagner EH, Davis C, Schaefer J, Von Korff M, Austin B. A survey of leading chronic disease management programs: are they consistent with the literature? *Managed Care Quarterly.* 1999;7(3):56–66.

# Conceptual Frameworks Illuminate and magnify BUT...

- It can (and should) leave other topics/processes in the dark, not purpose of study
- May need multiple frameworks
  - Content: the “what” or the “mechanism” of concepts
  - Process: research, intervention implementation, analysis, the “how” to do research inquiry
- Conceptual frameworks must be chosen with care!



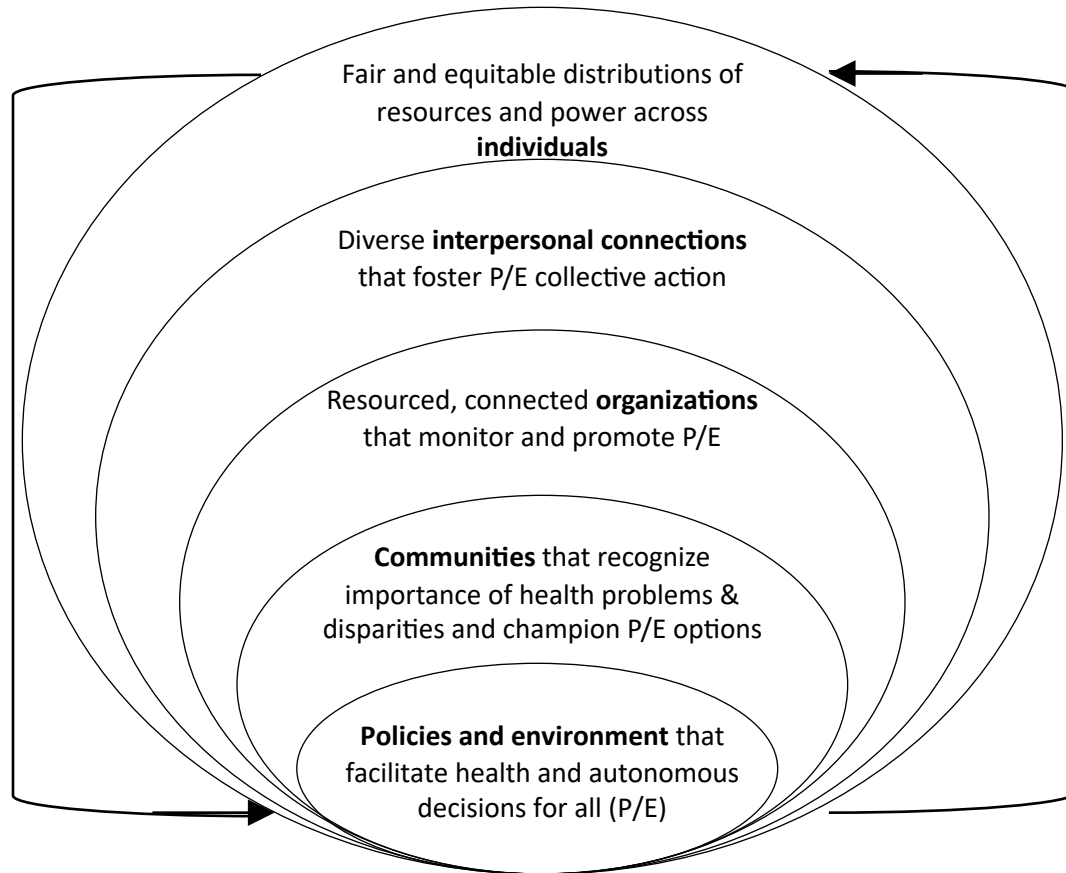
What if No Conceptual  
Framework Fits?

# Steps to Conceptualize Your Work

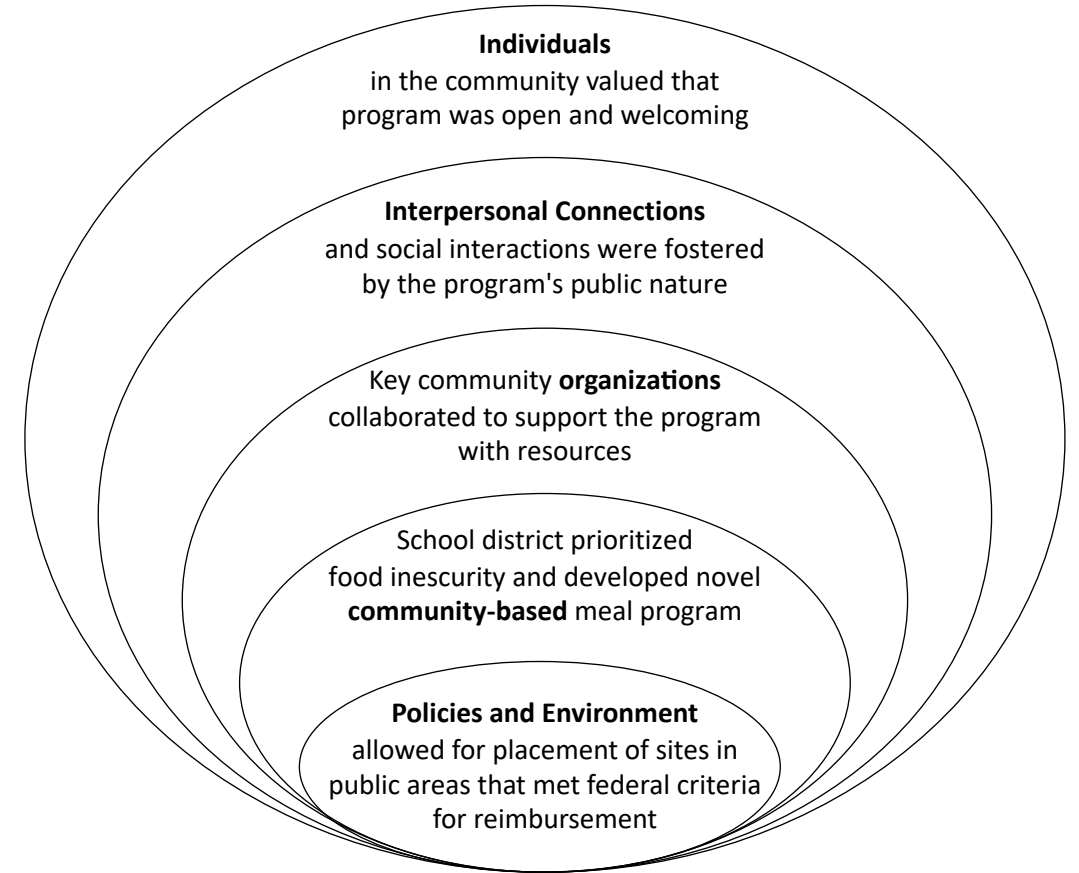
1. Conduct a literature review
  - What have others done, your field and others → consider modifying or adapting
  - How/what can you adapt for your specific research problem
2. Create a flow chart
  - Identify what variables *could* be of interest
  - Only include variables that can be operationally defined, measured
  - Incorporate flow, with arrows implying causality (top→bottom, left→right)
3. Write a narrative
  - Identify flaws or missing elements
4. Revise
  - Adapt to literature and findings



# Adaptation Example: Food Insecurity & Impact of Mobile Meal Program in Silicon Valley



Golden, 2015 "inside out" social ecological model.



Bruce et al (under review) adaptation

# Research Question:

Is the presence of a VA facility spinal cord injury center associated with BMI assessment for spinal cord injured patients?

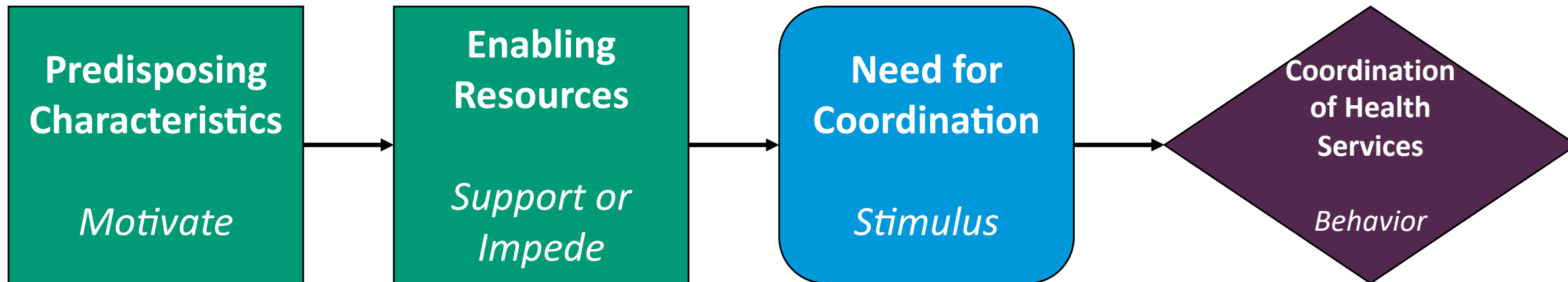
*Courtesy of Dr. Eisenberg*

# Example Conceptual Framework- A

Is the presence of a VA facility spinal cord injury center associated with BMI assessment for spinal cord injured patients?

What are intake staff knowledge on BMI assessment? Does this differ by SCI status?  
What resources for BMI assessment are used by SCI/nonSCI centers?

Using Andersen Framework:



MD/staff attitudes  
Culture of facility

Resources  
Equipment

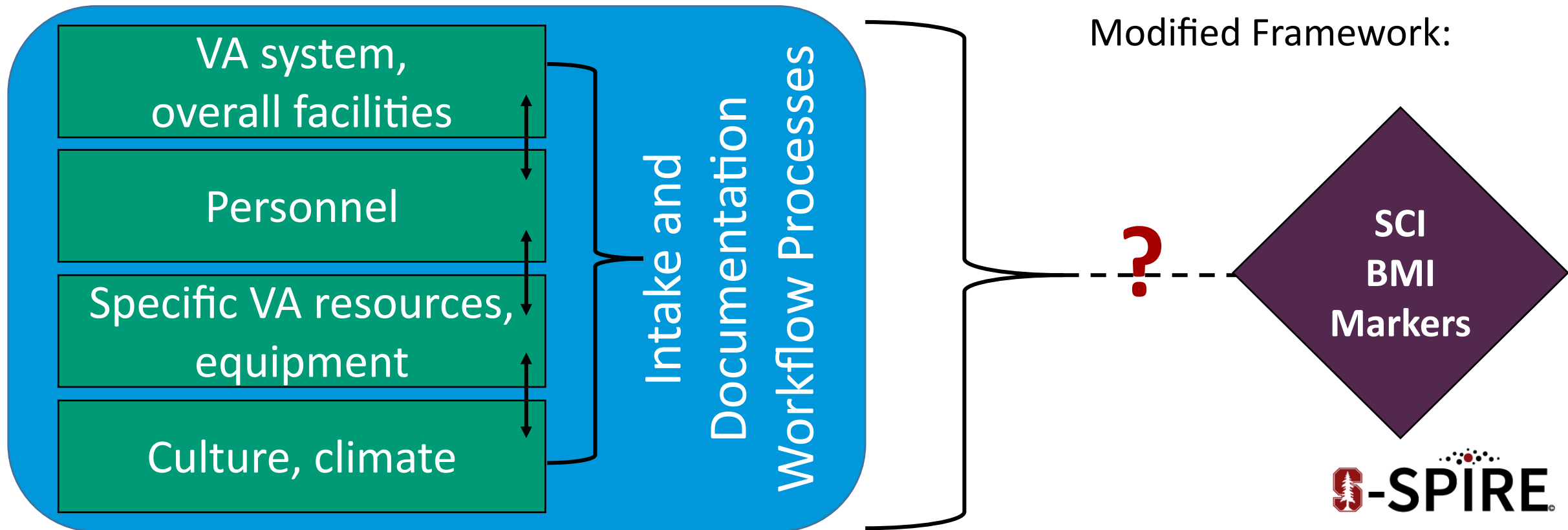
Perceived need by  
the MD/staff on the  
importance

↑↓ care, documentation  
\* **Identify causes of different  
processes**

# Example Conceptual Framework - B

Is the presence of a VA facility spinal cord injury center associated with BMI assessment for spinal cord injured patients?

What are the main drivers of BMI assessment and documentation?

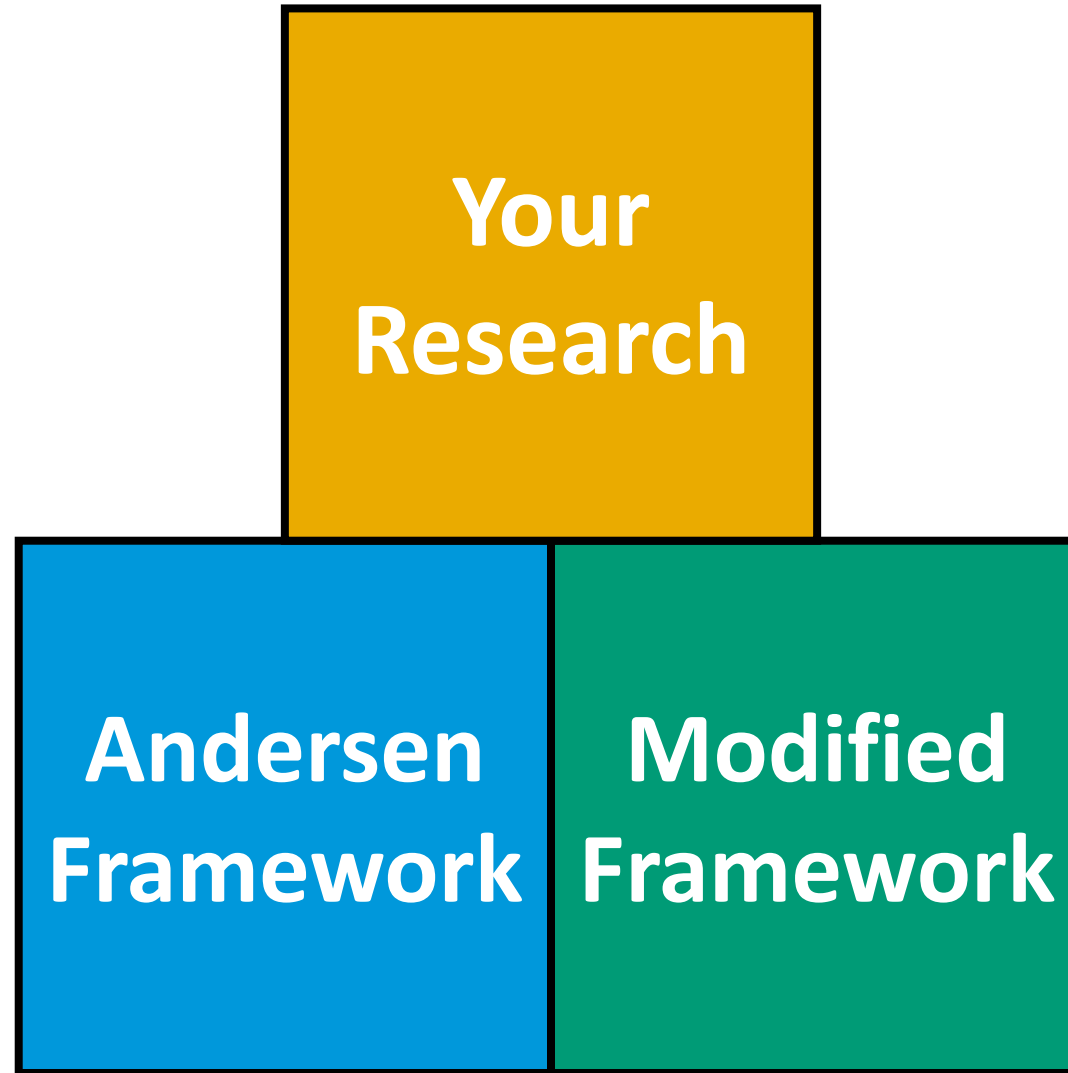


# Time to Practice

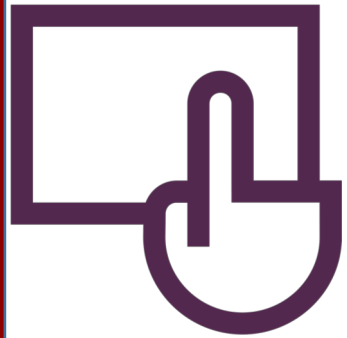
## Review worksheet

- Do Conceptual Frameworks come to mind when considering your research study?
- What variables were you able to add/remove based on a model?
- How did you do?
- Questions?

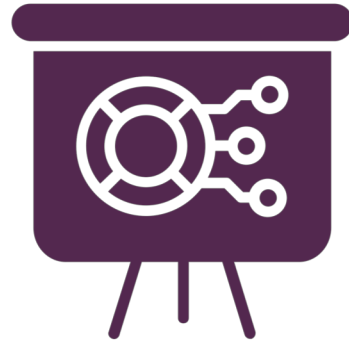
# GUIDING YOUR STUDY FROM START TO FINISH: The building blocks of validity for your research



# In Summary: Why are Conceptual Frameworks Important?



Specify  
Problem



Visualize  
Relationships



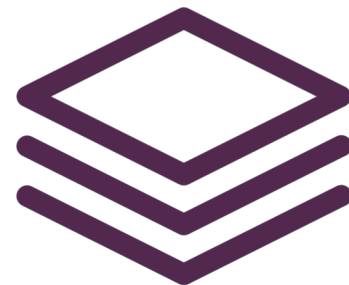
Test/Develop  
Theory



Interpret  
Results



Present  
Findings



Grant  
Applications

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